

Europäisches Patentamt

European Patent Office

Office européen des brevets



(11) **EP 1 193 155 A1**

(12)

EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION

(43) Date of publication: 03.04.2002 Bulletin 2002/14

(51) Int Cl.7: **B61H 13/02**, B60T 13/66

(21) Application number: 01116714.5

(22) Date of filing: 18.07.2001

(84) Designated Contracting States:

AT BE CH CY DE DK ES FI FR GB GR IE IT LI LU MC NL PT SE TR

Designated Extension States:

AL LT LV MK RO SI

(30) Priority: 15.09.2000 US 664190

(71) Applicant: Westinghouse Air Brake Technologies
Corporation

Wilmerding, PA 15148 (US)

(72) Inventors:

Ring, Michael E.
 Crown Point, Indiana 46307 (US)

 Henry, Ronald Salem, Virginia 24153 (US)

(74) Representative: Petri, Stellan et al Ström & Gulliksson AB

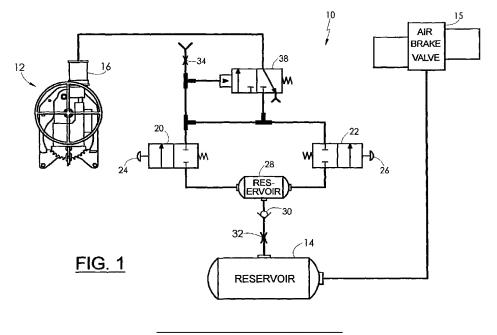
Box 41 88

203 13 Malmö (SE)

(54) Push button for releasing a railway vehicle hand brake from either side of the vehicle

(57) An apparatus (10) to enable the automatic release of a railway vehicle hand brake system from either side of the vehicle is provided. The apparatus comprises a source of fluid pressure (14) engageable with the vehicle. A release cylinder (16), which is operable by fluid pressure, is connected to a hand brake mechanism (12) that is engageable with a brake system disposed on the vehicle. A valve means (18) is connected intermediate the source of fluid pressure and the release cylinder. This valve means causes the release cylinder to release the hand brake system. A first valve actuation means (20) is disposed on a first side of the vehicle and is con-

nected intermediate the valve means (18) and the source of fluid pressure (14). This first valve actuation means (20) causes the valve means to initiate communication of fluid pressure from the source of fluid pressure to the release cylinder (16). A second valve actuation means (22) is disposed on an opposed second side of the vehicle and is connected intermediate the valve means (18) and the source of fluid pressure (14). This second valve actuation means (22) also causes the valve means to initiate communication of fluid pressure from the source of fluid pressure to the release cylinder (16).



Description

Field Of The Invention

[0001] The present invention relates, in general to hand brake assemblies for use on railway type vehicles and, more particularly to an apparatus to enable the automatic release of a railway vehicle hand brake system from either side of the vehicle.

1

Background Of The Invention

[0002] Prior to the conception and development of the present invention, railway car hand brake mechanisms were well known in the art. They usually include a large, rotatable hand wheel disposed in a vertical plane and mounted on a shaft which, through gear train, can rotate a chain drum to wind up a chain that is secured at its end remote from the chain drum to the brake rigging of the railway car. As the hand wheel is rotated in one direction, the brakes are applied and rotation of the hand wheel shaft in the opposite direction is prevented by a pawl which engages a detent wheel on the hand wheel shaft. The hand wheel is rotated manually and requires an operator to apply a sufficient amount of force thereto. [0003] The brakes may be released by disengaging the pawl from the detent wheel by manually turning the hand wheel in the opposite direction, however this causes rapid rotation of the hand wheel and the gears of the gear train which may cause a hazardous condition. To avoid rapid rotation of the hand wheel, hand brake mechanism have been devised which are known as "quick release" mechanisms. These quick release mechanisms are operated by hand and require an operator to climb onto the train in order to activate them. Generally these quick release mechanisms include a releasable connecting means between the hand wheel shaft and the gear train. When the connecting means is released, the gears of the gear train rotate rapidly without constraint by the pawl and detent wheel, but the hand wheel remains stationary.

[0004] As can be seen from the above-discussion, it would be advantageous to have an automatic application apparatus having an automatic release system for releasing the hand brake system and thereby eliminate the need for an operator to climb onto the railway vehicle and manually operate a release device. The automatic application apparatus is the subject of a co-pending application serial number 09/507,227, filed February 18, 2000. This co-pending application is owned by the assignee of the present invention and is incorporated into the present application by reference thereto.

Summary Of The Invention

[0005] Briefly, the present invention is directed to an apparatus to enable the automatic release of a railway vehicle hand brake system from either side of the vehi-

cle. The apparatus comprises a source of fluid pressure engageable with the vehicle. A release cylinder, which is operable by fluid pressure, is connected to a hand brake mechanism that is engageable with a brake system disposed on the vehicle. A valve means is connected intermediate the source of fluid pressure and the release cylinder. This valve means causes the release cylinder to release the hand brake system. A first valve actuation means is disposed on a first side of the vehicle and is connected intermediate the valve means and the source of fluid pressure. This first valve actuation means causes the valve means to initiate communication of fluid pressure from the source of fluid pressure to the release cylinder. A second valve actuation means is disposed on an opposed second side of the vehicle and is connected intermediate the valve means and the source of fluid pressure. This second valve actuation means also causes the valve means to initiate communication of fluid pressure from the source of fluid pressure to the release cylinder.

Objects Of The Invention

[0006] It is, therefore, a primary object of the invention to provide an apparatus to enable the automatic release of a railway vehicle hand brake system from either side of the vehicle.

[0007] Another object is to provide an apparatus which is capable of releasing the hand brake system through the use of a pneumatic actuation valve positioned on either side of the vehicle.

[0008] Yet another object is to provide an apparatus which may be used by an operator of basically any physical size or stature.

[0009] Yet another object is to provide an apparatus which allows for the release of the hand brake system on a railway vehicle without requiring an operator to climb onto the vehicle to manually release the quick release handle.

[0010] In addition to the several objects and advantages of the present invention generally described above, various other objects and advantages of the invention will become much more readily apparent to those persons who are skilled in the relevant art from the following more detailed description, particularly, when such detailed description is taken in conjunction with the attached drawing figures and the claims appended hereto.

Brief Description Of The Drawings

[0011]

Figure 1 is a schematic representation of the apparatus of the invention utilizing pneumatically controlled actuation means.

Figure 2 is a schematic representation of the apparatus of the invention utilizing electronically control-

55

40

led actuation means.

Detailed Description Of The Invention

[0012] Before describing the invention in detail, the reader is advised that, for the sake of clarity and understanding, identical components having identical functions have been marked where possible with the same reference numerals in each of the Figures provided in this document.

3

[0013] Referring now to Figure 1, there is shown a schematic representation of an apparatus, generally designated as 10, to enable the automatic release of a railway vehicle hand brake system from either side of the vehicle. The apparatus comprises a source of fluid pressure 14 engageable with the vehicle. The source of fluid pressure has a capacity of approximately 3,000-3,500 cubic inches and is in fluid communication with a brake valve 15, such as an ABDX brake valve.

[0014] A release cylinder 16, which is operable by fluid pressure, is connected to a hand brake mechanism, generally designated as 12, that is engageable with a brake system disposed on the vehicle. This hand brake cylinder may be of the type disclosed in co-pending application serial number 09/507,227, filed February 18, 2000, entitled Automatic Application Hand Brake.

[0015] A valve means 18 is connected intermediate the source of fluid pressure 14 and the release cylinder 16. This valve means 18 causes the release cylinder 16 to release the hand brake system. A first valve actuation means 20 is disposed on a first side of the vehicle and is connected intermediate the valve means 18 and the source of fluid pressure 14. This first valve actuation means 20 causes the valve means 18 to initiate communication of fluid pressure from the source of fluid pressure 14 to the release cylinder 16.

[0016] A second valve actuation means 22 is disposed on an opposed second side of the vehicle and is connected intermediate the valve means 18 and the source of fluid pressure 14. This second valve actuation means 22 also causes the valve means 18 to initiate communication of fluid pressure from the source of fluid pressure 14 to the release cylinder 16.

[0017] The first valve actuation means 20 and second valve actuation means 22 are preferably pneumatic actuators. These actuators may be actuated by means of a push button 24, 26 or any other well known device.

[0018] A relatively small reservoir 28 may be optionally connected intermediate the source of fluid pressure 14 and both of the first valve actuation means 20 and the second valve actuation means 22. This relatively small reservoir has a capacity of about 80 cubic inches. A check valve 30 is connected intermediate the source of fluid pressure 14 and this relatively small reservoir 28. [0019] A choke 32, having a diameter of approximately 0.006 inch, is connected intermediate the source of fluid pressure 14 and the check valve 30. A choke 34 is also connected intermediate the valve means 18 and

both the first valve actuation means 20 and the second valve actuation means 22 to bleed off any excess fluid to the atmosphere.

[0020] According to a second embodiment, as illustrated in Figure 2, the valve means 38, the first valve actuation means 42 and the second valve actuation means 44 are electronically operated. A power source 46, such as a battery, is provided for operating the valve means 38, the first valve actuation means 42 and the second valve actuation means 44. Although a battery powered source is shown in the drawings, any well known power source may be used to operate the electronically operated valve means 38 and actuation means 42, 44. The first valve actuation means 42 and second valve actuation means comprise electrical switches of a well known type such as mechanical switches, transistor switches, and the like. These switches are electronically controlled. The term electronically controlled, as used in the specification, includes hard wired systems, as well as wireless systems such as radio control, infrared, microwave, or any other known controlling means.

[0021] This Figure 2 embodiment, as in Figure 1, includes a relatively small reservoir 28, having a capacity of about 80 cubic inches, which is connected intermediate the valve means 38 and the source of fluid pressure 14. A check valve 30 is connected intermediate the source of fluid pressure 14 and the relatively small reservoir 28.

[0022] A choke 32 is connected intermediate the source of fluid pressure 14 and the check valve 30. The choke has a diameter of about .006 inch.

[0023] The invention has been described in such full, clear, concise and exact terms so as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains to make and use the same. It should be understood that variations, modifications, equivalents and substitutions for components of the specifically described embodiments of the invention may be made by those skilled in the art without departing from the spirit and scope of the invention as set forth in the appended claims. Persons who possess such skill will also recognize that the foregoing description is merely illustrative and not intended to limit any of the ensuing claims to any particular narrow interpretation.

Claims

40

- An apparatus to enable automatic release of a railway vehicle hand brake system from either side of such vehicle, said apparatus comprising:
 - (a) a source of fluid pressure engageable with such vehicle;
 - (b) a release cylinder operable by fluid pressure connected to a hand brake mechanism, such hand brake mechanism engageable with a

15

20

35

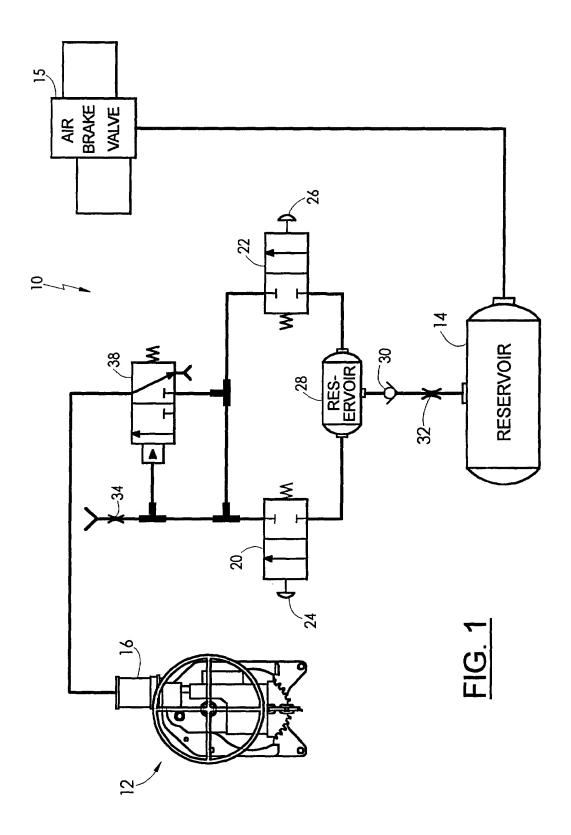
40

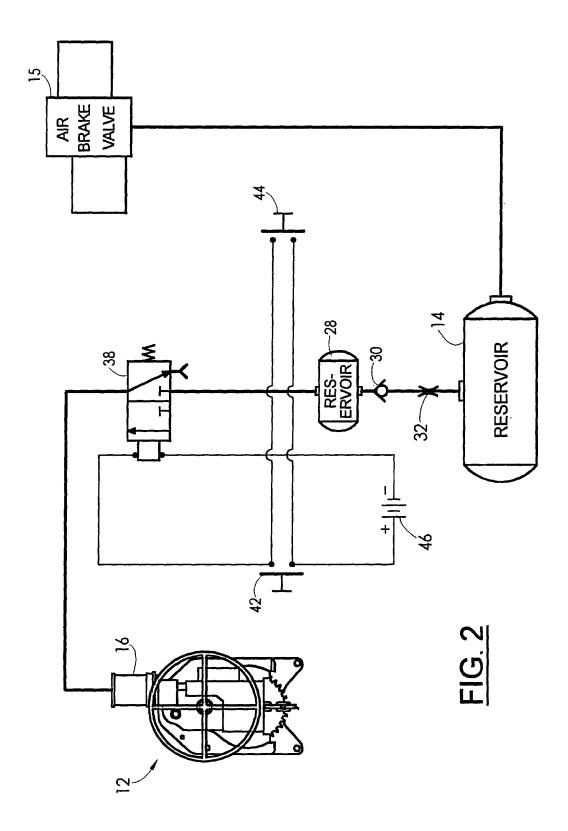
brake system disposed on such vehicle;

5

- (c) a valve means connected intermediate said source of fluid pressure and said release cylinder for causing said release cylinder to release such hand brake system;
- (d) a first valve actuation means disposed on a first side of such vehicle and connected intermediate said valve means and said source of fluid pressure for causing said valve means to initiate communication of fluid pressure from said source of fluid pressure to said release cylinder; and
- (e) a second valve actuation means disposed on an opposed second side of such vehicle and connected intermediate said valve means and said source of fluid pressure for causing said valve means to initiate communication of fluid pressure from said source of fluid pressure to said release cylinder.
- 2. An apparatus, according to claim 1, wherein said first valve actuation means and said second valve actuation means are pneumatic actuators.
- 3. An apparatus, according to claim 2, wherein said apparatus further includes a relatively small reservoir connected intermediate said source of fluid pressure and both said first valve actuation means and said second valve actuation means.
- 4. An apparatus, according to claim 3, wherein said apparatus further includes a check valve connected intermediate said source of fluid pressure and said relatively small reservoir.
- 5. An apparatus, according to claim 4, wherein said apparatus further includes a choke connected intermediate said source of fluid pressure and said check valve.
- 6. An apparatus, according to claim 4, wherein said relatively small reservoir has a capacity of about 80 cubic inches.
- 7. An apparatus, according to claim 5, wherein said choke has a diameter of about .006 inch.
- 8. An apparatus, according to claim 2, wherein said apparatus further includes a choke connected intermediate said valve means and both said first valve actuation means and said second valve actuation means.
- 9. An apparatus, according to claim 1, wherein said valve means and said first valve actuation means and said second valve actuation means are electronically operated and said apparatus further includes a power source.

- 10. An apparatus, according to claim 9, wherein said power source is a battery.
- 11. An apparatus, according to claim 10, wherein said apparatus further includes a relatively small reservoir connected intermediate said valve means and said source of fluid pressure.
- 12. An apparatus, according to claim 11, wherein said apparatus further includes a check valve connected intermediate said source of fluid pressure and said relatively small reservoir.
- 13. An apparatus, according to claim 12, wherein said apparatus further includes a choke connected intermediate said source of fluid pressure and said check valve.
- 14. An apparatus, according to claim 13, wherein said relatively small reservoir has a capacity of about 80 cubic inches.
- 15. An apparatus, according to claim 13, wherein said choke has a diameter of about .006 inch.
- 16. An apparatus, according to claim 9, wherein both said first valve actuation means and said second valve actuation means are electrical switches.
- 17. An apparatus, according to claim 1, wherein said source of fluid pressure has a capacity of about 3,500 cubic inches.







EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT

Application Number

EP 01 11 6714

	DOCUMENTS CONSIDI	ERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category	Citation of document with in of relevant passa	dication, where appropriate, ages	Relevant to claim	CLASSIFICATION OF THE APPLICATION (Int.Cl.7)
Α	US 4 368 927 A (BILI AL) 18 January 1983 * the whole documen		1	B61H13/02 B60T13/66
A	US 4 368 928 A (BILI AL) 18 January 1983 * the whole document	INGSLEY ROBERT H ET (1983-01-18)	1	
Α	US 3 891 277 A (COP) 24 June 1975 (1975–0 * the whole document	06-24)	1	
A	US 5 813 731 A (JONE 29 September 1998 (1 * abstract; figure	1998-09-29)	1	
A	US 5 794 739 A (RING 18 August 1998 (1998 * abstract; figure 1	3-08-18)	1	
				TECHNICAL FIELDS SEARCHED (Int.Ci.7)
				B61H
				В60Т
	The present search report has be	een drawn up for all claims		
	Place of search	Date of completion of the search		Examiner
	MUNICH	1 February 2002	Fer	ranti, M
X : parti Y : parti	ATEGORY OF CITED DOCUMENTS cularly relevant if taken alone cularly relevant if combined with anothe ment of the same category	E : earlier patent o after the filing o	In the application	
	noicaical background			

EPO FORM 1503 03.82 (P04C01)

ANNEX TO THE EUROPEAN SEARCH REPORT ON EUROPEAN PATENT APPLICATION NO.

EP 01 11 6714

This annex lists the patent family members relating to the patent documents cited in the above-mentioned European search report. The members are as contained in the European Patent Office EDP file on The European Patent Office is in no way liable for these particulars which are merely given for the purpose of Information.

01-02-2002

	Patent documer cited in search re		Publication date		Patent family member(s)	Publicatio date
US	4368927	Α	18-01-1983	NONE		
US	4368928	Α	18-01-1983	NONE		- MAN MAN MAN AND MAN MAN MAN AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND A
US	3891277	A	24-06-1975	NONE		
US	5813731	А	29-09-1998	NONE	NAME OF THE OWN AND PART OF THE VALUE AND	
US	5794739	Α	18-08-1998	AU AU BR CA CN ZA	724194 B2 2478297 A 9703560 A 2188107 A1 1172046 A 9703994 A	14-09-200 08-01-1998 01-09-1998 15-12-1993 04-02-1998 09-12-1993
100 400 10		MIC ANNI WILL WORK VIEW ARTH AN				
			Official Journal of the E			